## **Supply**

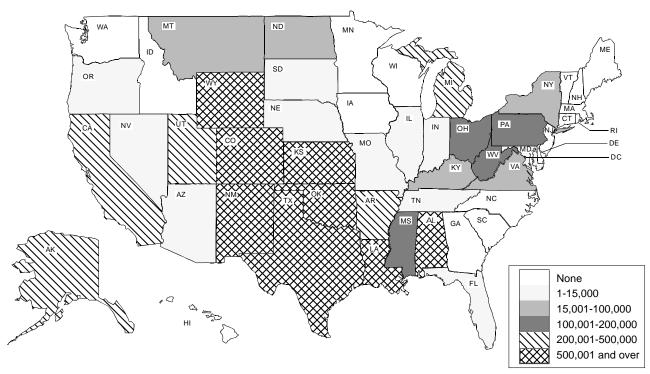
## **Production**

Gross withdrawals of natural gas reached 24.1 trillion cubic feet in 1996, 0.3 trillion cubic feet more than in 1995. Total marketed production of natural gas also increased. The 1996 level was 19.8 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent higher than one year ago. Marketed production is derived by subtracting quantities used for repressuring, vented and flared, and the removal of nonhydrocarbons from total gross withdrawals of natural gas. Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico remained as the leading producers of natural gas. During the past three years, these four States have supplied approximately three-quarters of domestic production, and this trend continued in 1996 as they produced 15 trillion cubic feet, 76 percent of marketed natural gas production. Texas led with 6.4 trillion cubic feet, followed by Louisiana with 5.2, Oklahoma with 1.7 trillion cubic feet, and New Mexico with 1.6 trillion cubic feet. The twenty-nine remaining gas-producing States produced 4.8 trillion cubic feet

A number of supply sources contributed to the greater gas production in 1996. Production from the entire Gulf of Mexico increased 3.2 percent over 1995 volumes. The Gulf of Mexico increase of 323 billion cubic feet together with notable increases in Arkansas and Colorado more than offset declines in onshore Louisiana, New Mexico, and Oklahoma. The total rise in U.S. marketed production was 244 billion cubic feet.

The trend for increasing gas production from the offshore Gulf of Mexico is expected to continue during the next few years in light of the list of projects under development or in planning. The Mensa project in 5,400 feet of water began production in 1997. This project is quite significant because it has the deep water record for production. These technical

Figure 4. Marketed Production of Natural Gas in the United States, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)



Sources: Illinois, New York, and West Virginia: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports*, DOE/EIA-0216; and EIA computations. All other data: Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" and the United States Minerals Management Service.

accomplishments are impressive in themselves, and associated with each milestone is the expansion of future production opportunities as another technical barrier is overcome. The extension of recovery opportunities into deep water has established the deep offshore as an area of considerable national significance.

A second source of increased supply is gas from coalbed formations. Natural gas production from coalbed methane fields continued to grow in 1996 as projects initiated mainly in the early to mid 1990's matured through the dewatering phase into higher rates of gas production. Coalbed formations contribute almost 1 trillion cubic feet, roughly 5 percent, to total U.S. production. Continued production growth from coalbeds is not likely in light of the precipitous drop in new wells completed in coalbed formations since the termination of the production tax credit at the end of 1992. New well completions in coalbed formations averaged 244 in 1995 and 1996, compared with 1,325 from 1990 through 1992.

The strong industry performance in 1996 is expected to continue at least for the near term. In 1996, the number of producing gas wells and gas-condensate wells climbed to over 300,000 for the first time, reaching 301,811, a 1 percent increase over the 1995 level. The number of producing wells has increased each year since 1992. From 1995 to 1996, Alabama and Colorado showed substantial increases in the number of producing wells, 16 percent and 18 percent, respectively.

## **Wellhead Prices**

Average wellhead prices climbed sharply during 1996, rising to \$2.17 per thousand cubic feet, 40 percent over the

1995 level of \$1.55 per thousand cubic feet. Production was stimulated at least in part by this increase. The 1996 well-head price was at its highest level since 1985 when it averaged \$2.51 per thousand cubic feet.

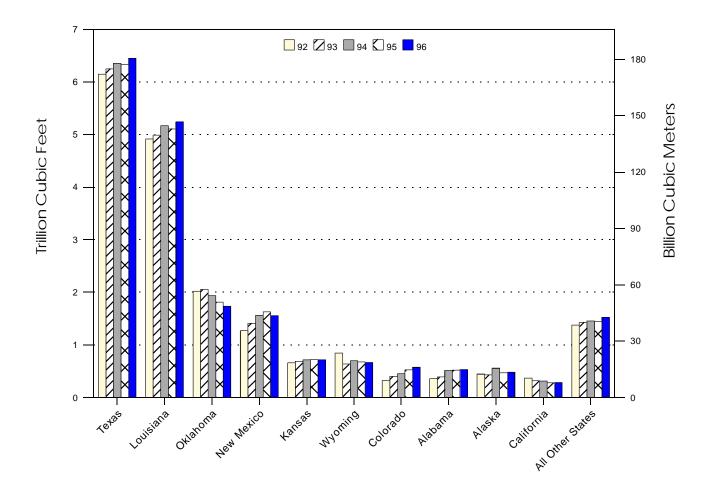
## **Drilling**

Exploration and development activities incrementally added to existing reserves of natural gas. The number of rotary rigs running and the number of well completions are indicators that in the past have been good guides to the level of exploration and development activity, and thus to subsequent reserves additions. In 1996, these indicators increased. Rotary rigs drilling for gas rose from 385 to 464, exceeding the number of rigs drilling for oil for the third year in a row. Total rigs running rose from 723 to 779.

Well completions for gas exceeded those for oil for the fourth year in a row. Exploratory gas well completions were up in 1996 from 835 to 943, while gas development well completions rose from 6,534 to 8,412. Total gas well completions were up from 7,369 to 9,355.

Overall well completions rose from 18,655 to 22,740. Of these 3,945 were exploratory wells and 18,795 were development wells. This reverses the downward trend in total completions which began after a 1990 drilling surge, caused by the legislative incentives for coalbed methane and tight gas drilling. The reversal has been driven by higher world oil prices and the increased focus of independent operators on the Federal Outer Continental Slope.

Figure 5. Marketed Production of Natural Gas in Selected Sectors, 1992-1996



Sources: Illinois, New York, Tennessee, and West Virginia, 1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA) computations. All other data: Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 3. Gross Withdrawals and Marketed Production of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

Year	Gross Withdrawals			_	Nonhydro- carbon	Vented	Marketed
and State	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total	Repressuring	Gases Removed	and Flared	Production
1992 Total	16,164,874	5,967,376	22,132,249	2,972,552	280,370	167,519	18,711,808
1993 Total	16,691,139	6,034,504	22,725,642	3,103,014	413,971	226,743	18,981,915
1994 Total	17.351.060	6.229.645	23.580.706	3.230.667	412.178	228,336	19,709,525
1995 Total	17,282,032	6,461,596	23,743,628	3,565,023	388.392	283.739	19,506,474
1996 Total	17,680,777	6,370,888	24,051,665	3,510,330	518,425	272,117	19,750,793
Alabama Total	570,907	11,394	582,301	22,601	27,006	1,853	530,841
Onshore	209.839	11,394	221,233	22,601	16,762	1.593	180,277
State Offshore	209,013	0	209,013	0	10,244	260	198,509
Federal Offshore	152,055	Ö	152,055	0	0	0	152,055
Alaska Total	183,747	3,189,837	3,373,584	2,885,686	Õ	7,070	480,828
Onshore	64,751	3,182,782	3,247,533	2,885,686	0	5,942	355,905
State Offshore	118,996	7,055	126,051	2,003,000	0	1,128	124,922
			120,031	0	0		124,922
Federal Offshore	0	0	•	U		0	U
Arizona Arkansas	417 182.895	47 41.551	464 224.446	0 2.354	0	0 270	463 221.822
California Total	86,431	313,581	400,011	111,317	932	1,268	286,494
Onshore	80,923	245,996	326,919	93,079	932	1,268	231,640
State Offshore	00,923	6,309	6,309	333	NA	1,200 NA	5,975
Federal Offshore	5,508	61,276	66,784	17,905	NA NA	NA NA	48,879
Colorado	488,292	95,724	584,016	10,715	0	1,230	572,071
Florida	0	6,706	6,706	0	700	0	6,006
Illinois <sup>E</sup>	289	9	298	0	0	0	298
Indiana	360	0	360	NĂ	NĂ	NĂ	360
Kansas	629,755	85,876	715,631	2,120	NA	716	712,796
Kentucky	81,435	0	81,435	0	0	0	81,435
Louisiana Total	4.642.272	659.706	5.301.978	39.526	NA	21.705	5.240.747
Onshore	1,349,015	120.683	1,469,698	10.956	NA	21,705	1,437,037
State Offshore	173,114	19,414	192,527	1,435	NA	NA NA	191,092
Federal Offshore	3,120,143	519,609	3,639,752	27,134	NA	NA	3,612,618
Maryland	135	0	135	0	0	0	135
Michigan	201,123	50,281	251,404	2,340	NA	3,324	245,740
Mississippi	117,412	6,210	123,622	9,366	8,316	2,677	103,263
Missouri	25	0	25	0	0	0	25
Montana	45,154	6,514	51,668	76	NA	596	50,996
Nebraska	1,328	548	1,876	0	0	0	1,876
Nevada	0	11	11	0	0	0	11
New Mexico	1,418,116	246,559	1,664,676	10,131	<sup>a</sup> 97,759	2,700	1,554,087
New York <sup>E</sup>	17,494	641	18,134	0	0	3	18,131
North Dakota	16,810	38,906	55,716	2,727	358	2,957	49,674
Ohio	119,251	0	119,251	NA	NA	NA	119,251
Oklahoma	1,467,695	267,192	1,734,887	NA	NA	NA	1,734,887
Oregon	1,743	0	1,743	39	265	0	1,439
Pennsylvania	135,000	Ŏ	135,000	NA	NA	NĂ	135,000
South Dakota	905	8,061	8,965	0	0	7,636	1,329
Tennessee	0	1,690	1,690	NA	NA	NA	1,690
Texas Total	5,823,804	1,182,798	7,006,602	273,301	238,897	45,382	6,449,022
Onshore	4,545,592	1,080,856	5,626,448	273,301	238,897	45,382	5,068,868
State Offshore	62,624	716	63,340	NA	NA	NA	63,340
Federal Offshore	1,215,587	101,226	1,316,814	NA	NA	NA	1,316,814
Utah	233,594	47,614	281,208	3,165	NA	27,277	250,767
Virginia West Virginia <sup>E</sup>	54,290	0	54,290	0		0	54,290
West Virginia	178,984	0	178,984	NA	NA	NA	178,984
Wyoming	981,115	109,434	1,090,549	134,867	144,194	145,452	666,036

a Nonhydrocarbon gases removed increased significantly in 1996 due to production increases in the Bravo Dome.

E = Estimated data.

NA = Not available.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, 1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and EIA computations. All other data: Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 4. Offshore Gross Withdrawals of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

Year and State	State			Federal			Total
	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total	Offshore
992 Total	415,486	136,809	552,294	4,258,686	513,058	4,771,744	5,324,03
Alabama	112,311	0	112,311	79,294	0	79,294	191,60
Alaska	110,067	106,311	216,377	0	0	0	216,37
California	0	7,242	7,242	13,947	41,284	55,231	62,47
Louisiana	116,470	21,631	138,101	2,867,842	436,493	3,304,336	3,442,43
Texas	76,638	1,625	78,263	1,297,602	35,281	1,332,883	1,411,14
993 Total	470,487	136,948	607,435	4,215,015	550,850	4,765,865	5,373,30
Alabama	131,508	0	131.508	86.515	0	86.515	218.02
Alaska	127,834	105.363	233,198	0	0	0	233,19
California	0	6.484	6.484	10.618	41.532	52.150	58.63
Louisiana	133.261	23.750	157.011	2.883.761	467.340	3.351,101	3.508.11
Texas	77,883	1,350	79,234	1,234,121	41,978	1,276,099	1,355,33
994 Total	550.079	154,390	704,469	4,373,962	622.235	4,996,197	5.700.66
Alabama	228,878	0	228.878	117,308	3.194	120.502	349.38
Alaska	99,801	124.501	224,301	0	0	0	224.30
California	0	7.204	7,204	11.064	42.497	53.561	60.76
Louisiana	137,823	21,690	159,513	2.995.676	518,305	3,513,981	3,673,49
Texas	83,577	996	84,573	1,249,914	58,240	1,308,154	1,392,72
995 Total	460.659	28.917	489.576	4.288.219	653.870	4.942.089	5.431.66
Alabama	212,895	0	212.895	143,353	350	143,703	356.59
Alaska	105,867	7.684	113.552	0	0	0	113.55
California	0	5.904	5.904	7.874	46.916	54.790	60.69
Louisiana	79,515	14.528	94.044	2.937.666	522,437	3.460.103	3.554.14
Texas	62,381	801	63,181	1,199,326	84,167	1,283,493	1,346,67
996 Total	563,746	33,493	597,239	4,493,294	682,111	5,175,405	5,772,64
Alabama	209,013	0	209,013	152,055	0	152,055	361,06
Alaska	118,996	7.055	126.051	0	Ö	0	126.05
California	0	6.309	6.309	5.508	61.276	66.784	73.09
Louisiana	173.114	19.414	192.527	3.120.143	519.609	3.639.752	3.832.28
Texas	62,624	716	63,340	1,215,587	101,226	1,316,814	1,380,15

Notes: For individual State and U.S. production, see Table 3. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Appropriate State agencies responses to informal data requests and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 5. Number of Producing Gas and Gas Condensate Wells by State as of December 31, 1992-1996

State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Nabama	3,350	3,514	3.565	3,526	4.105
laska	112	113	104	100	102
vrizona	6	6	6	7	7
rkansas	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,988	4,020
California	1.126	1.092	1.261	997	978
alliOiTila	1,120	1,092	1,201	991	310
olorado	5,912	6,372	7,056	7,017	8,251
linois	382	385	390	372	370
ndiana	1,333	1.336	1.348	1.347	1.367
ansas	18,400	19,472	19,365	22,020	21,388
Centucky	12,483	12,836	13,036	13,311	13,501
.orradory	12, 100	12,000	10,000	10,011	10,001
ouisiana	13,512	15,569	12,958	14,169	15,295
/laryland	9	7	7	7	8
/lichigan	3,257	5,500	6,000	5,258	5,826
/lississippi	507	620	583	535	568
/lissouri	5	8	12	15	24
Montana	2,890	3,075	2,940	2,918	2,990
lebraska	22	59	87	87	88
levada	0	0	0	0	5
lew Mexico	18,040	20,846	23,292	23,510	24,134
lew York	5,906	5,757	5,884	6,134	6,208
lorth Dakota	104	101	104	99	108
Ohio	34.784	34.782	34.731	34.520	34.380
Oklahoma	28,902	29,118	29,121	29,733	29,733
Dregon	20,902	29,116	19	29,733 17	29,733
ennsylvania	31,000	31,100	31,150	31,025	31,792
eririsyivariia	31,000	31,100	31,130	31,025	31,792
outh Dakota	38	47	55	56	61
exas	46,298	47,101	48.654	54.635	53,816
Itah	1.006	1.061	1.303	1.127	1.339
irginia	1,153	1,426	1,470	1.671	1,671
Vest Virginia	38,250	33.716	39.830	36.144	35.148
Vyoming	3,111	3,615	3,942	4.196	4.510
yoning	3,111	3,013	3,342	4,130	4,510
otal	275,414	282,152	291.773	298,541	301,811

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); the United States Minerals Management Services (MMS), and World Oil Magazine.

Table 6. Estimated Total Dry Natural Gas Proved Reserves by State, 1992-1996 (Billion Cubic Feet)

State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
labama	5,802	5,140	4,830	4,868	5,033
laska	9,638	9,907	9,733	9,497	9,294
rkansas	1,750	1,552	1,607	1,563	1,470
alifornia	2.778	2.682	2,402	2,243	2,082
olorado	6.198	6.722	6.753	7.256	7,710
0.0.000	3,.33	3,: ==	0,1.00	.,200	.,
lorida	47	50	98	92	96
ansas	9,681	9,348	9,156	8,571	7,694
entucky	1.084	1.003	969	1.044	983
ouisiana	9.780	9.174	9.748	9,274	9,543
lichigan	1.223	1.160	1,323	1.294	2.061
g	-,	1,122	-,	.,	_,
lississippi	869	797	650	663	631
Iontana	859	673	717	782	796
ew Mexico	18,998	18.619	17,228	17,491	16,485
ew York	329	264	242	197	232
orth Dakota	496	525	507	463	462
hio	1,161	1,104	1,094	1,054	1,113
klahoma	13,926	13,289	13,487	13,438	13,074
ennsylvania	1.528	1.717	1,800	1,482	1,696
exas	35.093	34.718	35,974	36,542	38.270
tah	1.830	2,040	1.789	1,580	1.633
	.,000	_,0.0	.,. 00	1,000	.,000
irginia	904	1,322	1,833	1,836	1,930
/est Virginia	2,356	2,439	2,565	2,499	2,703
/yoming	10,826	10,933	10,879	12,166	12,320
ederal Offshore	27,767	27,143	28,388	29,182	29,096
ther States <sup>a</sup>	92	94	65	69	67
	V-	<b>V</b> 1			31
otal	165.015	162.415	163.837	165.146	166.474

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Includes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.
 Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216.

Table 7. Wellhead Value and Marketed Production of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996

Year	Reported W	/ellhead Value	Average Wellhead	Marketed	Imputed Wellhead Value	
and State	Volume <sup>a</sup> (million cubic feet)	Value (thousand dollars)	Price (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	Production (million cubic feet)	of Marketed Production <sup>b</sup> (thousand dollars)	
1992 Total	15.852.090	_	1.74	18.711.808	32,570,827	
1993 Total	15,341,514	_	2.04	18,981,915	38,810,612	
1994 Total	15,513,667	_	1.85	19,709,525	36,535,940	
1995 Total	15.557.464	_	1.55	19.506.474	30,285,862	
1996 Total	14,822,258	_	2.17	19,750,793	42,818,138	
Alabama	493.069	1.291.043	2.62	530.841	1.389.944	
Alaska	193.278	310.495	1.61	480.828	772.435	
Arizona	405	668	1.65	463	765	
Arkansas <sup>c</sup>	76.671	292.637	3.82	221.822	846.649	
California	37,823	68,842	1.82	286,494	521,448	
Colorado <sup>c</sup>	559,473	765,819	1.37	572,071	783,063	
Florida	NA	NA	_	6,006	0	
Illinois	NA	NA	, <del>-</del>	298	0	
Indiana	360	827	2.30	360	827	
Kansas	712,796	1,366,444	1.92	712,796	1,366,444	
Kentucky	81,435	207,310	2.55	81,435	207,310	
Louisiana	3,976,305	9,252,276	2.33	5,240,747	12,194,432	
Maryland	NA	NA	<del>-</del>	135	, , , 0	
Michigan	245,740	544,020	2.21	245,740	544,019	
Mississippi	88,805	147,725	1.66	103,263	171,775	
Missouri	25	39	1.56	25	39	
Montana	46,868	66,261	1.41	50,996	72,097	
Nebraska	1,332	1,901	1.43	1,876	2,678	
Nevada <sup>d</sup> New Mexico	0 1,553,103	0 2,587,338	1.67	11 1,554,087	0 2,588,984	
New York	NA	NA	_	18.131	0	
North Dakota	NA	NA	<del>_</del>	49,674	0	
Ohio	119,251	313,631	2.63	119,251	313,631	
Oklahoma	1,751,487	3,876,308	2.21	1,734,887	3,839,565	
Oregon	1,439	3,254	2.26	1,439	3,254	
Pennsylvania	NA	NA	_	135,000	0	
South Dakota	NA 4 coo	NA 4 200		1,329	0	
Tennessee	1,690	4,300	2.54	1,690	4,300	
Texas Utah	4,684,140 168,944	10,726,706 234,047	2.29 1.39	6,449,022 250,767	14,768,324 347,402	
Virginia	NA	NA	_	54,290	0	
West Virginia	NA	NA	_	178,984	0	
Wyoming	27,821	71,632	2.57	666,036	1,714,837	

a Quantity of production associated with reported wellhead value. A number of States reported values associated with quantities other than marketed production.
b Average wellhead price times marketed production does not equal imputed value of marketed production due to independent rounding.
c Quantity and value data obtained from Energy Information Administration Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."
d All of Nevada's marketed production was consumed as lease fuel.
NA = Not available.
— = Not applicable.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: Illinois and Pennsylvania, 1996: EIA Computations. All other data: Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 8. Natural Gas Processed, Liquids Extracted, and Estimated Extraction Loss by State, 1996

	Natural	Total	Extraction Loss		
Plant Location	Gas Processed (million cubic feet)	Liquids Extracted (thousand barrels)	Volume (million cubic feet)	Estimated Heat Content (billion Btu)	
Alabama AlaskaArkansas California Colorado	2,987,364 219,477 240,566	4,009 33,346 383 9,798 16,735	5,361 38,453 479 12,169 23,362	16,890 148,444 1,589 41,037 62,801	
Florida	578 970,163	1,630 63 35,285 1,692 101,716	1,649 64 47,996 2,385 139,841	6,061 271 138,582 6,640 385,513	
Michigan	4,521 10,141 1,129,598	4,810 254 431 75,476 3,860	6,399 340 576 108,341 4,937	18,933 1,092 1,808 275,468 16,156	
Ohio	1,054,123 10,341	64 70,165 458 279,650 9,547	85 100,379 603 398,442 10,970	269 257,103 1,888 1,035,573 36,543	
West Virginia Wyoming		4,849 35,093	7,093 48,254	17,893 136,930	
Total	17,470,017	689,314	958,178	2,607,484	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Natural Gas Processed, Total Liquids Extracted, and Extraction Loss Volume: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production." Estimated Heat Content of Extraction Loss: Estimated, assuming the makeup to total liquids production as reported on Form EIA-64A for each State was proportional to the components and products ultimately separated in the States as reported on the 12 monthly reports on Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," and applying the following conversion factors to the individual component and product production estimates (million Btu extraction loss per barrel of liquid produced): ethane, 3.082; propane, 3.836; normal butane, 4.326; isobutane, 3.974; pentanes plus, 4.620.